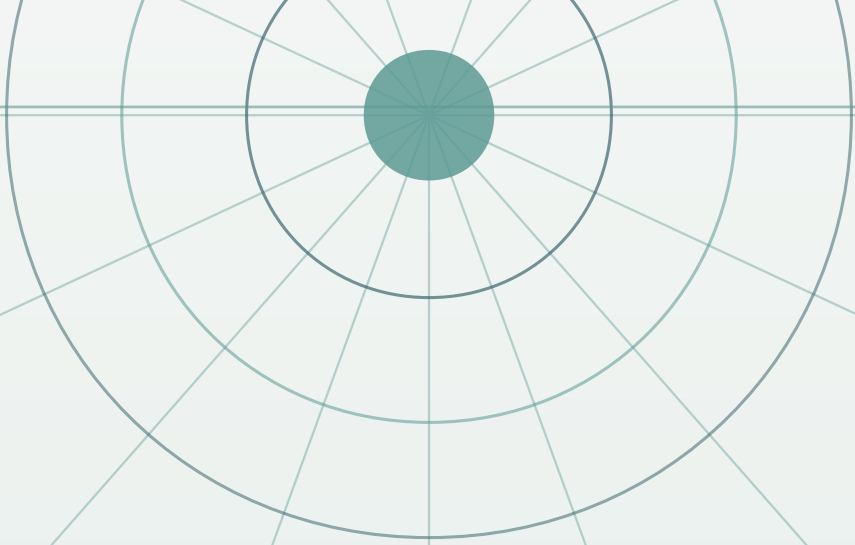


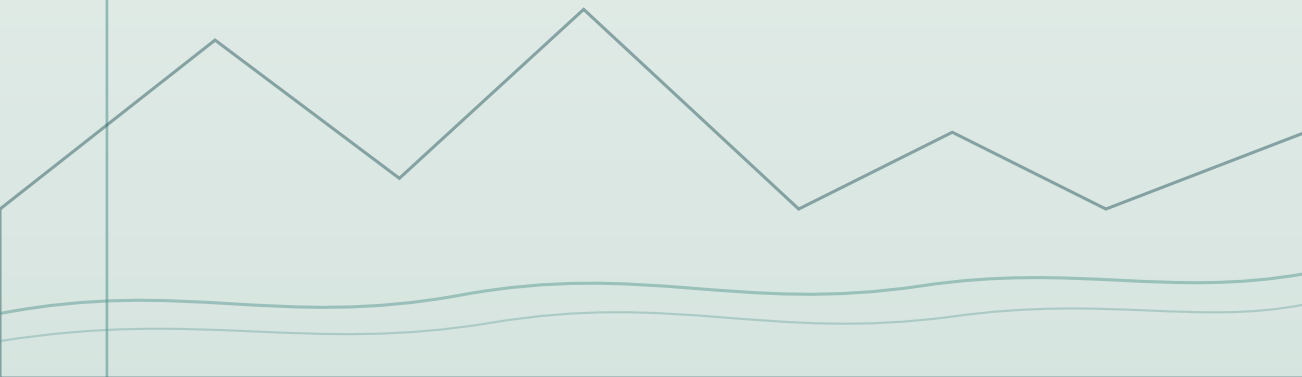


SATELLITE 11 · BIO CRYSTAL SHIFT RECEIVER

HERKIMER

Diamonds That Are Quartz

MOHAWK VALLEY · NEW YORK
OFFICIAL NEW YORK STATE MINERAL
UNITED STATES



THE INVITATION

Come Stand Where the Ground Gives Up Its Crystal

Farmland and stream sediment in the Mohawk Valley hold something most farmland does not: brilliant, naturally faceted, double-terminated quartz crystals, eighteen faces each, clear enough and precise enough that people have called them diamonds for as long as anyone has been finding them — though the stone itself is quartz, not diamond, and needs no exaggeration to be remarkable.

The Mohawk people knew this ground held them long before settlers arrived. Today, public mines across the valley still let anyone — families, children, first-time visitors — dig their own, a direct, hands-on relationship with a crystal field that most sacred sites in this collection can only be described, never touched.

In 2012, New York formally named the Herkimer diamond its official state mineral — a modern recognition of a stone this valley has been quietly producing since a sea covered this ground half a billion years ago.

Five Hundred Million Years in a Farmer's Field

Herkimer diamonds are doubly terminated quartz crystals, naturally faceted with eighteen faces, hard enough to score a seven on the Mohs scale, and formed over 500 million years ago when the Mohawk Valley lay beneath a shallow sea. Quartz crystallized in cavities on that ancient seafloor, later encased in a host rock of dolomite and calcite as sediment buried the whole formation.

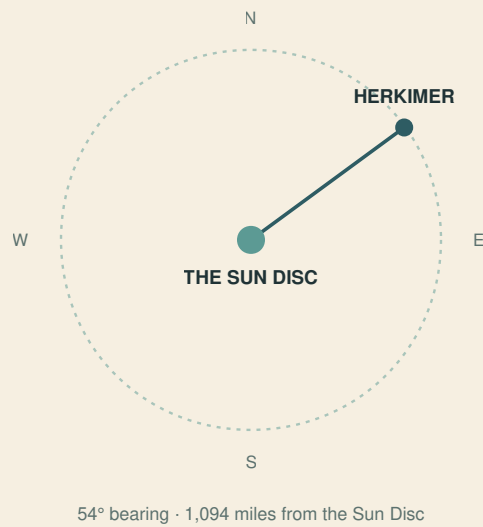
The Mohawk people and early European settlers alike knew of these crystals, finding them in stream sediment and freshly plowed fields long before any formal mining began. The stones became widely recognized in the late eighteenth century, when workmen cutting into Mohawk Valley dolomite uncovered them in large quantities.

New York designated the Herkimer diamond its official state mineral in 2012 — and, unlike nearly every other site in this field, this one remains genuinely, physically accessible: public mines throughout the valley still let visitors dig their own crystals directly from the ground today.

THE ORIENTATION

A Line Back to the Source

From the Sun Disc's ground in Arkansas, this Satellite sits to the northeast, in the Mohawk Valley of upstate New York.



Named in the primary source material and separately corroborated, alongside Asheville, in the Bio Crystal Shift Part 3 receiver-station list — a second independent line of confirmation.

WHAT THIS GROUND OFFERS

Beginning With What a Body Needs

WATER & BREATH

The historic Mohawk River valley and its canal corridor, and open farmland air.

GROUND & SHELTER

Dolomite and calcite bedrock, riddled through with cavities holding half-a-billion-year-old crystal.

FOOD & PROVISION

Rich Mohawk Valley farmland, long under cultivation.

WORK & CRAFT

A living public mining and lapidary tradition — dig-your-own crystal mines still operating across the valley today.

WHAT THIS GROUND OFFERS

Rising Toward What a Community Needs

KINSHIP & BELONGING

Knowledge of these stones held by the Mohawk people long before any settler arrived to name them.

CHILDREN & LEARNING

A rare, direct, hands-on encounter: families and children can dig their own crystal from this exact ground, not merely read about it.

CULTURE & CEREMONY

Official recognition as New York's state mineral, and an enduring rockhound culture built around this one valley.

REST & RENEWAL

Quiet farmland and river valley, unhurried by comparison to most of the other Satellites in this field.

VISION & CALLING

The rare, tangible promise that what you came looking for, you may actually be able to hold in your own hand by the end of the day.

A Sibling Story to Arkansas's Own Crystal

There is a direct mineralogical resonance worth naming plainly between this Satellite and the Sun Disc's own ground: Arkansas's vast quartz strata is itself seafloor-derived, formed across roughly two hundred million years beneath an ancient sea, just as Herkimer's crystal cavities formed in a shallow sea half a billion years ago. Source and Satellite share, quite literally, the same kind of origin story, written in a different stone bed on a different part of the continent.

That resonance is corroborated here by two independent lines of source testimony — the primary Arkansas Crystalline Tours naming, and the separate Bio Crystal Shift Part 3 receiver-station listing — both naming Herkimer as a genuine receiving point in its own right.



A RECEIVING POINT, NOT A DESTINATION

None of this replaces standing on the ground itself. A Satellite is not a monument and not a holiday stop — it is a place already at work, quietly, carrying what the Sun Disc radiates outward into the land and the people around it.

Whatever draws you here — the crystal you can dig with your own hands, the ancient sea both this ground and the Sun Disc's own ground once lay beneath, or the two independent namings that confirm this Satellite — the invitation is the same one this whole field of Satellites extends.

*Come see if it calls to you
the way it has called to everyone
who has ever stood here and felt something larger listening back.*

FIELD NOTES

Specifications & Coordinates

Satellite 11 of the Arkansas Sun Disc · Herkimer County, New York, United States.

THE FIELD — HERKIMER

43.02° N, 74.99° W

Mohawk Valley, Herkimer County, New York. Doubly terminated quartz crystal (“Herkimer diamond”), formed in seafloor cavities approx. 500 million years ago; official New York State mineral since 2012.

CORROBORATION

Named in the primary source and separately corroborated, with Asheville, in the Bio Crystal Shift Part 3 receiver-station list.

REGIONAL ACCESS

Herkimer County, upstate New York, along the historic Mohawk River / Erie Canal corridor; several public dig-your-own mines operate in the area.

RELATION TO THE SUN DISC

Bearing 53.7° from Pinnacle Mountain, Arkansas · 1,094 miles (1,760 km)

Great-circle bearing and distance computed from the Sun Disc reference point (34.8414° N, 92.4858° W) to the coordinate given above.

Note: this document offers orientation, not survey. The coordinates above mark the named region, not a specific parcel boundary.

Physical sources consulted: Rock & Gem Magazine; Geology.com; Wikipedia (“Herkimer diamond”); Geology Science.

Ontological framework consulted: Archangel Metatron discourses transmitted via James Tyberonn (Arkansas Crystalline Tours material and Bio Crystal Shift Part 3); NJAS / EGA internal discourses.